

7-2

**Inverses of Relations and Functions**

You have seen the word *inverse* used in various ways.

The additive inverse of 3 is    -3   

The multiplicative inverse of 5 is     $\frac{1}{5}$    

The multiplicative inverse matrix of  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  is  $A^{-1} = \text{---} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -0.5 \\ -2 & 1.5 \end{bmatrix} \text{---}$

You can also find and apply *inverses* to relations and functions.

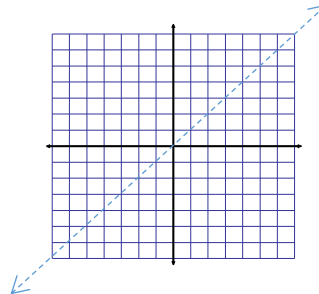
**Inverse Relation** – *the inverse of a relation consisting of all ordered pairs (x, y) is the set of all ordered pairs (y, x).*

*The graph of an inverse relation is the reflection of the graph of the relation across the line  $y = x$ .*

**1. Graphing Inverse Relations**

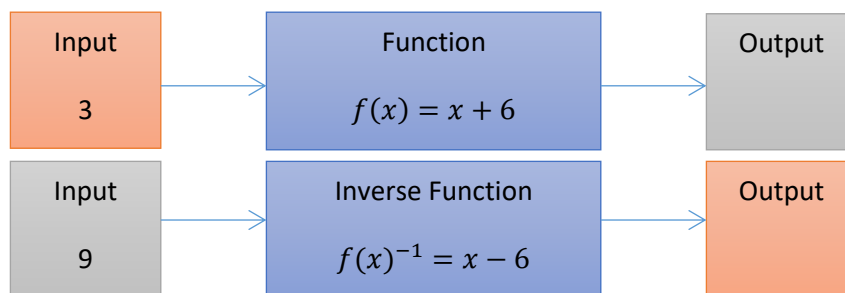
Graph the relation and connect the points. Then graph the inverse. Identify the domain and range of each function.

<b>x</b>	0	1	2	4	8
<b>y</b>	2	4	5	6	7



**Inverse Functions** – *functions that undo each other.*

Notation:  $f^{-1}(x)$



**2. Writing Inverse Functions Using Inverse Operations.**

a)  $f(x) = 2x$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{2}$$

*For more complex problems, switch  $x$  and  $y$  and solve for  $y$ . Make sure to use the correct notation for the answer.*

b)  $f(x) = \left(\frac{x}{4}\right) - 5$

$$x = \frac{y}{4} - 5$$

$$x + 5 = \frac{y}{4}$$

$$4(x + 5) = y$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = 4x + 20$$

c)  $f(x) = \frac{x}{3}$

$$f^{-1}(x) = 3x$$

d)  $f(x) = 5x - 7$

$$x = 5y - 7$$

$$x + 7 = 5y$$

$$\frac{x+7}{5} = y$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+7}{5}$$

## 7-2

# Inverses of Relations and Functions

- Students will be able to graph inverses of relations and functions with 80% accuracy.
- Students will be able to recognize inverses of relations and functions with 80% accuracy.
- Students will be able to find inverses of functions with 80% accuracy.

You have seen the word *inverse* used in various ways.

The additive inverse of 3 is -3

The multiplicative inverse of 5 is  $\frac{1}{5}$

The multiplicative inverse matrix of

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \text{ is } A^{-1} = \underline{\underline{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -0.5 \\ -2 & 1.5 \end{bmatrix}}}$$

**Inverse Relation** –

The inverse of a relation consisting of all ordered pairs  $(x, y)$  is the set of ordered pairs  $(y, x)$

The graph of an inverse relation is the reflection of the graph of the relation across the line  $y = x$ .

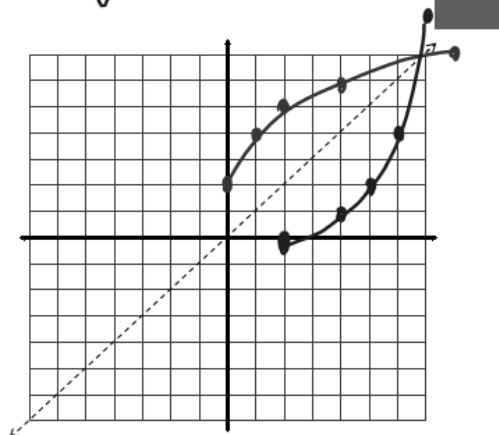
**1. Graphing Inverse Relations**

Graph the relation and connect the points. Then graph the inverse. Identify the domain and range of each function.

x	0	1	2	4	8
y	2	4	5	6	7

*Flip to graph inverse*

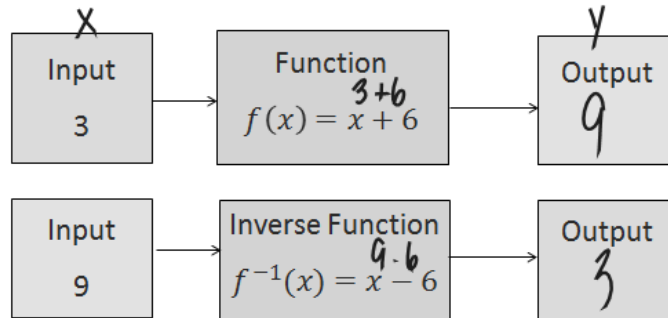
Relation      Inverse  
 $D: 0 \leq x \leq 8$      $D: 2 \leq x \leq 7$   
 $R: 2 \leq y \leq 7$      $R: 0 \leq y \leq 8$



## Inverse Functions –

Functions that undo each other.

Notation:  $f^{-1}(x)$



## 2. Writing Inverse Functions Using Inverse Operations.

a)  $f(x) = 2x$   
 $x = 2y$       $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{2}$       $4x = y - 20$       $4x + 5$

b)  $f(x) = \left(\frac{x}{4}\right) - 5$      *For more complex problems, switch x and y and solve for y. Make sure to use the correct notation for the answer.*

$4x = \frac{4y}{4} - (5)4$       $y = 4(x + 5)$   
 $x + 5 = \frac{y}{4}$       $f^{-1}(x) = 4x + 20$

c)  $f(x) = \frac{x}{3}$

$$f^{-1}(x) = 3x$$

d)  $f(x) = 5x - 7$

$$x = 5y - 7$$

$$\frac{x+7}{5} = \frac{5y}{5}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+7}{5}$$

$$\frac{x}{5} + \frac{7}{5}$$

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_\_

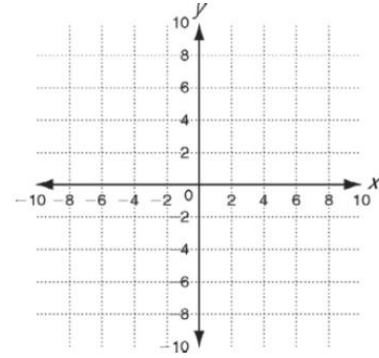
**Worksheet 7-2**

**Graph the relation and connect the points. Then graph the inverse.**

**Identify the domain and range.**

1.

<b>x</b>	0	1	5	8
<b>y</b>	2	5	6	9



**Use inverse operations to write the inverse of each function.**

2.  $f(x) = 15x - 10$

3.  $f(x) = 10 - 4x$

4.  $f(x) = 5x + 2$

5.  $(x) = x + 6$

7.  $f(x) = -\frac{x}{12}$

8.  $f(x) = \frac{x-12}{4}$

9.  $f(x) = x - \frac{1}{2}$

10.  $f(x) = \frac{3x-1}{6}$