Jadwin-Technical Math A-6th Period-Off Site Learning Packet Day 9 Solving Systems of Equations by Elimination Part 2 (<u>jadwinry@mwood.cc</u>, (330) 296-2892 ext 114)

The most convenient way of solving certain systems of equations is by the elimination method or the <u>addition or subtraction method (or elimination method</u>). Some systems of equations are more readily solved by this method than by the substitution method.

Procedure for Solving Systems of Equations by Elimination

- 1. Eliminate a variable by adding or subtracting the equations so that one equation with one variable remains. It may be necessary to rearrange the equations to align like terms.
- 2. Solve the resulting equation for the remaining variable.
- 3. Substitute the value of this variable in either of the two original equations and solve for the other variable.
- 4. Check your solution by substituting the values of both variables in the two original equations.

Example: -2x - 3y = -17 5y = 27 - 3x -2x - 3y = -17 3x + 5y = 27 -6x - 9y = -51 + 6x + 10y = 54 y = 3 -2x - 3y = -17 -2x - 3(3) = -17 -2x - 9 = -17 -2x = -8x = 4

Solution is (4, 3)

Rearrange the bottom equation to get the x and y on the same side.

Multiply top equation by 3 and bottom equation by 2 to get the x coefficients to be -6x and 6x.

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Solve each of the following systems of equations by the elimination method.

1.
$$\begin{cases} 2x+y=7\\ 4x-2y=-6 \end{cases}$$
 2. $\begin{cases} 7x+4y=10\\ x+3y=16 \end{cases}$



4. $\begin{cases} 5x = -y + 34 \\ 2x = 3y \end{cases}$